

國立臺北教育大學 99 學年度碩士班招生入學考試

共同科目 英文 科試題

注意事項：

請以 2B 鉛筆於答案卡上畫記作答，作答前請務必詳閱答案卡上之「畫記說明」。

I. Vocabulary (每題 2 分，共 20 分)

Please choose the option that is closest in meaning to the word underlined, or can best complete the sentence.

1. Is it possible to integrate people of different races and social classes into a peaceful country without hate and hostility?
(A) converse (B) explore (C) emerge (D) deliver
2. This is such a demanding task that most people become completely fatigued after the non-stop working for twelve hours.
(A) exhausted (B) inhaled (C) exhaled (D) exaggerated
3. Ignoring arguments from the administration of President Ma and warnings from the U.S., the Legislative Yuan has passed an amendment to the Food Sanitation Act, which bans imports of designated beef products from the countries with documented mad cow disease cases over the past 10 years.
(A) retired (B) specified (C) satisfied (D) damaged
4. Miss Johnson resigned from her position of manager because of the belligerent working environment.
(A) friendly (B) hospital (C) hostile (D) amiable
5. The relationship between Lisa and her father is so terrible that Lisa's father disregards her and seldom talks to her even on her birthday.
(A) ignores (B) cherishes (C) astonishes (D) defuses
6. The writer's latest book has so far _____ little interest.
(A) arisen (B) risen (C) aroused (D) raised
7. He worked _____ to achieve his goal of being a great scientist.
(A) feverishly (B) tiredly (C) fruitlessly (D) reluctantly
8. I've got nothing to tell you _____ what I have already said.
(A) beneath (B) beyond (C) below (D) behind
9. Yamingshan national park is famous for its beautiful _____.
(A) scenery (B) capacity (C) volume (D) definition
10. To make your ideas clear, you must _____ unnecessary words from your essay.
(A) clean (B) empty (C) quit (D) eliminate

II. Sentence Structures (每題 2 分，共 20 分)

Please choose the option that can best complete the sentence.

11. In the past years, the number of internet users has _____ increased and so have the services

I have a dream that one day, down in Alabama, with its vicious racists, with its governor having his lips dripping with the words of interposition and nullification, one day right there in Alabama, little black boys and black girls will be able to join hands with little white boys and white girls as sisters and brothers. I have a dream that one day every valley shall be exalted, every hill and mountain shall be made low, the rough places will be made plain, and the crooked places will be made straight, and the glory of the Lord shall be revealed, and all flesh shall see it together.

This is our hope. This is the faith that I go back to the South with. With this faith we will be able to hew out of the mountain of despair a stone of hope. With this faith we will be able to transform the jangling discords of our nation into a beautiful symphony of brotherhood. With this faith we will be able to work together, to pray together, to struggle together, to go to jail together, to stand up for freedom together, knowing that we will be free one day.

36. According to the passage, when was Dr. King a civil rights leader?
- (A) In 1920s and 1930s.
 - (B) In 1930s and 1940s.
 - (C) In 1940s and 1950s.
 - (D) In 1950s and 1960s.
37. According to the passage, what is the best title for Dr. King's famous speech?
- (A) I Have a Dream.
 - (B) My Dream Is Gone.
 - (C) Dream is Beautiful.
 - (D) New Meaning of Dream.
38. According to Dr. King's speech, what truth is held to be self-evident by Americans?
- (A) All Americans share one common dream.
 - (B) All men are created equal.
 - (C) The glory of God has revealed.
 - (D) Everyone has the right to pursue his or her dreams.
39. In Dr. King's speech, which of the following is contrasted with "a stone of hope"?
- (A) A beautiful symphony of brotherhood.
 - (B) An oasis of freedom and justice.
 - (C) The mountain of despair.
 - (D) The jangling discords of nation.
40. According to the passage, what is Dr. King's main purpose in making this speech?
- (A) To show that all races had been treated equally.
 - (B) To fight against those who did not believe in God.
 - (C) To promote racial equality.
 - (D) To stop slavery in northern America.

Coffee first appeared in the Middle East in the 9th century. It was once banned to take coffee plants to other countries in the 15th century. However, businessmen had their own way to smuggle the

coffee plants to India and Europe. In 1690, the Dutch introduced coffee to Indonesia. In the 17th century coffee was brought to Latin America by the French. Since then coffee has spread out worldwide. In the middle of the 19th century, a plant disease destroyed the coffee plants in the Southeast Asia, which made Brazil become the major coffee supplier in the world.

In the 1980s, London was full of coffeehouses, and they were called “penny universities”. The reason was that one spent only a penny for a cup of coffee and he or she acquired more information or learned more about current affairs from coffee drinking people than in the universities.

How popular is coffee drinking in the world? In 1971, first Starbucks Coffee was opened in Seattle. Today there are thousands of locations worldwide. Some people must be wondering why coffee drinking is so popular. It is believed that coffee will refresh people and help them concentrate on their work.

41. What is the passage mainly about?

- (A) Drinking coffee is good for your health.
- (B) Why people like coffee.
- (C) The history of coffee.
- (D) What kind of coffee is most tasteful?

42. Why did businessmen smuggle coffee plants to India and Europe?

- (A) Because they are rare in India and Europe.
- (B) Because people in India and Europe liked coffee very much.
- (C) Because a plant disease destroyed coffee plants in India and Europe.
- (D) Because it's illegal to export them.

43. It was _____ who brought coffee to Latin America?

- (A) Dutch
- (B) Brazilian
- (C) Asian
- (D) French

44. In the 19th century, Brazil became a major coffee supplier because _____.

- (A) a lot of coffee tree were planted in Brazil.
- (B) a plant disease destroyed coffee plants in South-East Asia.
- (C) Brazil coffee was cheaper than others.
- (D) the quality of Brazil coffee was better.

45. Why did people use to call the coffeehouses “penny universities”?

- (A) It's because they were always close to the universities.
- (B) It's because students liked to stay in the coffeehouses.
- (C) It's because you paid only one penny and gain much information.
- (D) It's because there were coffeehouses in the university.

Do you ever wonder where “television” words came from? Many TV terms come from the combination of two words. Even, the word television is made up of two words. These words are Greek and Latin words meaning “far” and “to see”.

One kind of television program is a soap opera. The first soap operas were stories on the radio. They and serials are continuous and can go on for many years. Soap companies first advertised their

products during these shows on TV because they knew lots of wives and mothers watched these shows. And in fact, for some of the programs all of the commercials during the shows were for different kinds of soap. People then started calling these shows “soap operas”.

Serious TV programs are called dramas, and funny ones are named comedies. Some are both serious and funny called “dramedy”, a combination of drama and comedy. In a similar way, “sit-com” is the combination of situation and comedy. “Infomercials”, a combination of “information” and “commercial”, are another kind of interesting program on TV. An infomercial is a very long commercial program, and it can last three or four hours. Now you can watch hours and hours of infomercials for all kinds of products, especially on cable television. Just be careful you don’t turn into a couch potato!

46. What is the main idea of this reading?

- (A) Famous television program
- (B) Meanings of television words
- (C) What people watch on TV
- (D) How TV changed the meaning words

47. Why were some programs called serials?

- (A) They tried to sell soap.
- (B) They continued for a long time.
- (C) They were on the radio.
- (D) They came from opera.

48. Why did soap companies choose to advertise during soap operas?

- (A) The stories were continuous.
- (B) The company liked the show.
- (C) Their customers watched them.
- (D) Commercials were not expensive.

49. What is an infomercial?

- (A) A show that is funny and serious.
- (B) A show with lots of commercials.
- (C) A long commercial.
- (D) A show with information.

50. Which program would probably NOT include a funny story?

- (A) A sit-com
- (B) A comedy
- (C) A dramedy
- (D) An infomercial